

KALINGA INSTITUTE OF INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGY

Deemed to be University U/S 3 of the UGC Act, 1956

SCHOOL OF LAW

1ST KIIT CONSTITUTIONAL JUDGEMENT WRITING COMPETITION, 2024

in association with



PEGASUS RESEARCH OFFICES GLOBAL

Advocates & Solicitors

KIIT School of Law https://law.kiit.ac.in/







1ST KIIT CONSTITUTIONAL JUDGEMENT WRITING COMPETITION, 2024









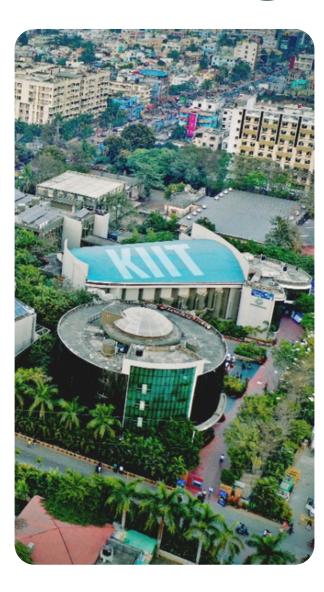
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ABOUT KIIT-DU









KIIT (Kalinga Institute of Industrial Technology) was founded in 1992 as an Industrial Training Institute with just 12 students and two faculty members. Over time, it has transformed into one of India's most prestigious universities. was granted deemed university status under Section 3 of the UGC Act, 1956, by the Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India in 2004, just seven years after its inception. This remarkable growth is attributed to the visionary leadership of Prof. (Dr.) Achyuta Samanta, who is also a Member of Parliament in the Lok Sabha. KIIT Deemed to be University is recognised internationally welcomes students from over countries. In keeping with the global trends in higher education, it has collaborated with more than 140 globally reputed universities. Its curriculum is designed with a global outlook and adheres high to international standards.

A unique aspect of KIIT is its focus on integrating professional education with social responsibility with its sister institution, Kalinga Institute of Social Sciences (KISS), provides free holistic education (from KG to PG), including food, accommodation, healthcare, other basic and necessities 25,000 to tribal underprivileged children. Additionally, KIIT donates 5% of its revenue to KISS, supporting social development initiatives.

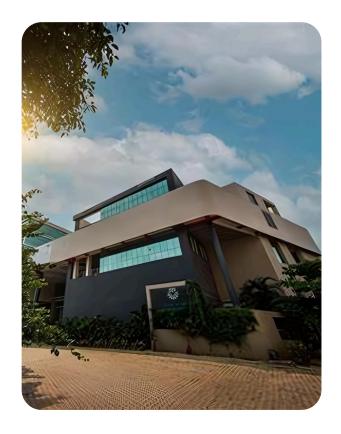


ABOUT SCHOOL OF LAW



With the vision "To create advanced Centre of professional learning of international standing where pursuit of knowledge and excellence shall reign supreme, which enables students to choose and pursue any chosen field of legal profession", KIIT School of Law was established in the year 2007 to professionals engineer law holistic understanding and to meet demand growing for legal professionals wake in the globalisation and rapid expansion of India's economy. It has been ranked 11th by the National Institutional Ranking Framework (NIRF), Ministry of Education, Government of India.

The LL.M. and Ph.D. programme of KIIT School of Law are also designed pursue legal education emphasising on the intellectual and jurisprudential science of law. Further, School the is in collaboration with many leading international education law consortiums includina the International Association of Law Schools, Washington, USA and Asia-Pacific Association of Law Schools, Australia. It has also signed an MoU with Northumbria University, School of Law, U.K., Miami University, USA, Dong A University, Korea.

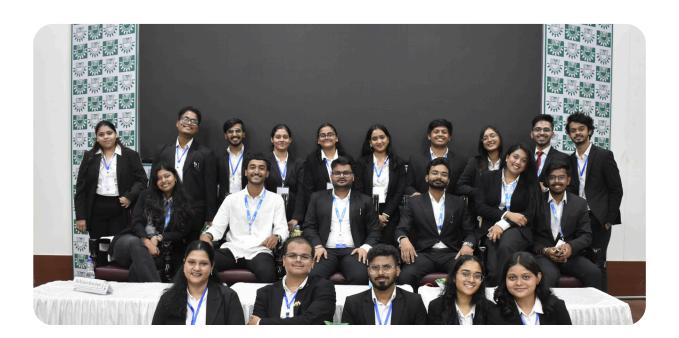


ABOUT CCLSR









KIIT Centre for Constitutional Law Studies and Research was rooted in 2015 with an objective to promote awareness among students regarding the dynamics of Constitutional Law. The prime interest of the Centre lies in organising lectures for students at the national and inter-college level. The Centre has succeeded in extending its work sphere to doctrinal research and has also started to concentrate on publishing empirical reports. The four departments, namely Research and Drafting, Blogging, Technical and Outreach, and Public Relations, elucidate the objectives of the Centre.

CCLSR has also launched the InnoJuris Project, a flagship research initiative and the first of its kind at KIIT School of Law, aimed at revolutionising legal research. By fostering cross-disciplinary collaboration and knowledge exchange, the project seeks to innovate legal research methodologies, benefiting students. academics, and practitioners. Its first initiative, "Creating New Frontiers in Legal Inquiry," focuses on developing a research methodology inspired by other fields, akin to a scientific method for law.



ABOUT PEGASUS RESEARCH OFFICES GLOBAL



We are honoured to present the 1st KIIT Constitutional Judgement Writing Competition, 2024, in association with Pegasus Research Offices Global. Based in Cuttack, Odisha, Pegasus has earned a stellar reputation over the past eight years for its specialised legal expertise in areas including Property Law, Corporate Advisory, Admiralty and Maritime Law, and Competition Law. Founded in 2015 by Asutosh Mohanty and Soumyajyoti Biswal, the firm is known for providing efficient, client-focused solutions.

In addition to its legal practice, Pegasus is dedicated to social responsibility through the Grand Pegasus Foundation, which leads initiatives for wellness, sustainability, and community upliftment. This commitment to both legal excellence and social impact makes them an ideal partner for the KIIT Constitutional Judgement Writing Competition, reflecting their dedication to fostering young legal talent and encouraging deeper engagement with India's constitutional values.

We extend our heartfelt gratitude to Pegasus Research Offices Global for their support, which helps create a platform for students to explore constitutional law and advance ethical legal practice. This association with KIIT School of Law promises a future focused on both legal innovation and positive societal impact.







75 YEARS

OF INDIAN CONSTITUTION

As India celebrates the 75th anniversary of its Constitution, the Centre for Constitutional Law Studies and Research (CCLSR) at KIIT School of Law proudly joins in honouring a document that has profoundly shaped the nation's democratic and legal identity. Since its adoption in 1950, the Indian Constitution has stood as a beacon of democracy, justice, and equality, guiding the country through pivotal moments in history. This landmark document enshrines fundamental rights, duties, and a framework for governance that has upheld the principles of democracy and rule of law for over seven decades. In recognition of this enduring legacy, CCLSR is hosting a series of events, including the 'We Dissent3.0' intra-debate competition, which will explore and debate the Constitution's role in contemporary issues and its foundational values. Complementing these activities are a range of additional events, such as seminars, workshops, and visits from distinguished legal experts and scholars, aimed at fostering a deeper public understanding and engagement with the Constitution. Recently, CCLSR hosted a panel discussion titled "Hamara Samvidhan, Hamara Samman: Celebrating 75 Years of the Constitution - Challenges and the Road Ahead" on October 22, 2024. Esteemed speakers included Justice Kurian Joseph, Dr. Anindita Pujari, and Dr. Uday Shankar, who shared insights on the challenges and future of the Indian Constitution. These initiatives reflect CCLSR's commitment to celebrating the rich legacy of India's Constitution while engaging in critical discourse about its future in an ever-evolving democratic landscape.









WELCOME MESSAGE



Prof.(Dr.) Rose Varghese

DIRECTOR

KIIT SCHOOL OF LAW

As part of our 75th-year tribute to the Indian Constitution, we are delighted to launch the 1st KIIT Constitutional Judgement Writing Competition-2024, organised by the Centre for Constitutional Law Studies and Research, KIIT School of Law. This Competition is a celebration of our constitutional heritage, providing a unique platform for students nationwide to engage in the profound aspects of constitutional interpretation and the meticulous art of judgement writing. Participants will not only deepen their understanding of the intricacies of law but also enhance their legal drafting abilities, equipping them for future legal challenges.

We warmly invite students from across the country to participate and be a part of this unique venture. We wish the participants all the best and anxiously look forward to perusing your critical skills in judicial crafting.



Dr. Kyvalya GarikapatiPATRON-IN-CHIEF,CCLSR

In celebration of the Indian Constitution's 75th year, the Centre for Constitutional Law Studies and Research proudly presents the 1st KIIT Constitutional Judgement Writing Competition-2024. This Competition, which is intended to attract students from all around the country, provides a remarkable chance to investigate the intricacies of constitutional law and the accuracy required to draft well-written rulings. By participating, students will gain invaluable insights into our constitutional traditions, alongside practical experience that will sharpen their drafting skills.

I wholeheartedly extend my best wishes to the dedicated organising team for their hard work in making this prestigious event possible.

We cordially encourage students nationwide to take part in this innovative endeavour. In addition to wishing the competitors luck, we eagerly anticipate reviewing your critical judicial crafting abilities.







WELCOME MESSAGE



Mr. Shashank Nande FACULTY CONVENOR

We are honoured to present the 1st KIIT Writing Constitutional Judgement Competition-2024, as part of our 75thyear celebration of the Indian Constitution. This competition offers a platform for students to engage deeply with the intricacies of constitutional interpretation and judgment crafting, celebrating our constitutional heritage. Through engagement, participants not only gain a deeper appreciation for our rich constitutional heritage but also have the unique opportunity to refine and advance their drafting skills.

I wish all the best to the organising team.

We cordially welcome students from all throughout the nation to take part in this special endeavour.



Mr. Anshu Adarsh
FACULTY CO-CONVENOR

We are privileged to host the inaugural KIIT Constitutional Judgement Writing Competition 2024, in honour of the 75th anniversary of the Indian Constitution, presented the Centre by Constitutional Law Studies and Research. This competition, which aims to draw students from across the nation, offers an exceptional opportunity to learn about the complexities of constitutional law and the precision needed to write well-written decisions. Through this engagement, participants have the exceptional chance to improve and enhance their drafting abilities in addition to developing a understanding rich greater of our constitutional past.

We extend an open invitation to students across the country and wish the organising team every success in this inspiring endeavour.

ABOUT THE COMPETITION





The KIIT Constitutional Judgement Writing Competition, organised by the Centre for Constitutional Law Studies and Research (CCLSR), KIIT School of Law, aims to foster a deeper understanding of constitutional law among students while honing their legal writing and analytical skills. This prestigious competition invites participants from law schools across India to engage in the critical exercise of draughting judgements based on a provided factual scenario.

The competition not only serves as a platform for budding legal professionals to showcase their talents but also promotes healthy academic competition among students from diverse backgrounds. By engaging in this exercise, participants can enhance their research capabilities, develop their writing proficiency, and gain invaluable insights into the intricacies of constitutional law.

Additionally, the Competition aims to create a collaborative environment, allowing participants to interact with peers and legal scholars, thereby fostering a sense of community within the legal education landscape. Through this initiative, CCLSR reinforces its commitment to advancing legal scholarship and nurturing the next generation of legal leaders.

1ST KIIT CONSTITUTIONAL JUDGEMENT WRITING COMPETITION, 2024







PROPOSITION

Lindia is a country located in the South-East Asian region with its laws pari materia with India. Lindia comprises 28 states, including Modisha, which is situated in the southeastern part of the country. The local laws of Modisha are pari materia with the laws of Odisha, located in the southeastern region of India.

Since 2000, many organizations, including both registered and unregistered corporations, have emerged in Lindia. These organizations primarily engage in the business of collecting public deposits, promising high returns over a specified period. A few corporations, particularly in the real estate sector, accepted deposits from the public, offering plots of land on easy monthly installments. They also provided an option to refund the deposit with interest if the depositor opted not to proceed with the property purchase. From 2000 to 2010, numerous complaints were filed by the public, citing default by many of these corporations and organizations in returning the deposits along with the promised interest. Widespread public protests ensued, with thousands expressing their grievances over the loss of their hard-earned money to these corporations. Consequently, the State Government of Modisha, led by the majority party, Vaje Janta Dal (VJD), enacted The Modisha Protection of Interest of Depositors (In Financial Establishments) Act, 2011 (MPID Act). The intent was to enable the attachment and auctioning of properties held by defaulting organizations to use the proceeds for refunding affected depositors. The provisions of the MPID Act is pari materia with the provisions of the Odisha Protection of Depositors (In Financial Establishments) Act, 2011 (OPID Act).

A corporation named Pegasus Realcon Offices Global Pvt. Ltd. (PRO Global), a real estate company established in 1998, operated in real estate development, offering plots to clients on part-payment terms. PRO Global accepted advance payments from clients, with plots to be delivered upon payment completion. To achieve its objectives, PRO Global acquired large tracts of land across Modisha, dividing them into smaller plots for sale to its extensive client base. However, common issues in the real estate sector, such as due diligence and title disputes, led to litigation in various civil courts. Several injunction orders were issued by these courts, restraining PRO Global from alienating its properties. As a result, many potential buyers of PRO Global could not obtain sale deeds, leading to a loss of confidence in the company and a flood of complaints for advance payment refunds. These complaints, filed at police stations across different districts in Odisha, received extensive media coverage, leading to the arrest of PRO Global's Managing Director, Mr. Rahudhar Mena, and co-director, Ms. Shandar Malini, in 2015. They were later released on bail by the Hon'ble High Court of Modisha.

During the investigation, it was discovered that Mr. Mena and Ms. Malini had collected a substantial sum of Rs. 462 crore (Rupees Four Hundred and Sixty-Two Crores Only) by promising land to unsuspecting prospective buyers. The extensive media attention drew the government's notice, leading to the attachment of PRO Global's properties—amounting to 200 acres—and the freezing of bank accounts with a balance of Rs. 246 crore (Rupees Two Hundred and Forty-Six Crores Only) under Section 3 of the MPID Act. Criminal cases were also filed under Section 6 of the MPID Act, along with other provisions from the Lindia Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, which is pari materia with the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023. These property attachments were intended for auction to facilitate refunds to the depositors.

PROPOSITION







Due to the vast extent of PRO Global's property holdings, the State Government was unable to identify all of them, resulting in certain properties not being attached. In 2020, Mrs. Mahesweta Menapati, Director of a real estate company, Raktagiri Real Estate (RRE), purchased properties not attached under the MPID Act. The proceeds from these sales were independently distributed by PRO Global to some depositors who had filed complaints. However, a substantial number of people remained who had not received refunds for their deposits with PRO Global.

The State Government, acting under the MPID Act, also attached properties purchased by RRE on the basis that, as these properties were originally owned by PRO Global, they could be subject to attachment under Section 3 of the MPID Act.

Meanwhile, Lindia passed the Real Estate Regulation Act (LRR Act) in 2016, which is pari materia with the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 in India. This Act provides remedies for prospective buyers not provided with properties by real estate companies, prompting many buyers to file complaints with the authority established under the LRR Act.

Mr. Rahudhar Mena and Ms. Shandar Malini, on behalf of PRO Global, filed a writ petition under Articles 226 and 227 of the Constitution of Lindia, challenging the State Government's actions. They argued that, as real estate companies, they should fall under the provisions of the LRR Act, not the MPID Act. They claimed that the application of the MPID Act to them was arbitrary, illegal, and perverse, asserting they should not be subject to two statutes.

Separately, Mrs. Mahesweta Menapati, on behalf of RRE, filed an application under Articles 226 and 227, challenging the State Government's attachment of RRE's properties. She contended that there was no legal impediment at the time of purchase and that RRE, not being a financial establishment with no complaints against it, should not have its properties attached under the MPID Act.

The Hon'ble High Court of Modisha clubbed the applications filed by PRO Global and RRE. In a joint order, the Court held that both PRO Global and RRE are financial establishments governed by the MPID Act, not the LRR Act, emphasizing that the LRR Act is not retrospective and does not apply to this factual scenario. Aggrieved by this decision, both PRO Global and RRE filed separate Special Leave Petitions (SLP) before the Hon'ble Apex Court of Lindia, challenging the High Court's order.

The Hon'ble Apex Court consolidated both SLPs, and after detailed hearings, reserved its judgment.

Note for Students: Students are encouraged to frame their own issues to provide a judgment. Assessment will focus on their ability to frame relevant issues and deliver coherent answers.

PROPOSITION







THE ODISHA PROTECTION OF INTERESTS OF DEPOSITORS (IN FINANCIAL ESTABLISHMENTS) ACT, 2011

Section 3. Attachment of properties on default of return of deposit.

Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force,—

- (i) where, upon complaints received from a number of depositors that any Financial Establishment defaults the return of deposits after maturity or fails to pay interest on deposit or fails to provide the service for which deposit has been made, or
- (ii) where the Government have reason to believe that any Financial Establishment is acting in a calculated manner with an intention to defraud the depositors,

and if the Government are satisfied that such Financial Establishment is not likely to return the deposits or to make payment of interest or to provide the service, the Government may, in order to protect the interest of the depositors of such Financial Establishment, pass an ad-interim order attaching the money or other property alleged to have been procured either in the name of the Financial Establishment or in the name of any other person from and out of the deposits collected by the Financial Establishment, or if it transpires that such money or other property is not available for attachment or not sufficient for repayment of the deposits, such other property of the said Financial Establishment or the Promoter, Director, Partner or Manager or Member of the said Financial Establishment or a person who has borrowed money from the Financial Establishment to the extent of his default or such other properties of that person in whose name properties were purchased from and out of the deposits collected by the Financial Establishment, as the Government may think fit and transfer the control over the said money or property to the Competent Authority.

Section 6. Default in Repayment of deposits and interests honouring the commitment

Notwithstanding anything contained in section 3, where any Financial Establishment defaults the return of the deposit or defaults the payment of interest on the deposit or fails to return in any kind or fails to render service for which the deposit have been made, every person responsible for the management of the affairs of the Financial Establishment shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to ten years and with fine which may extend to one lakh rupees and such Financial Establishment is also liable for a fine which may extend to two lakh rupees.









Definitions

- 1. "Competition" shall refer to the 1st KIIT Constitutional Judgement Writing Competition, 2024, organised by the Centre for Constitutional Law Studies and Research, KIIT School of Law.
- 2. "Dispute Resolution Committee" (hereinafter referred to as DRC) refers to the committee set up as the appellate body to the Organising Committee with the aim of resolving any and all issues of the participants; the DRC shall include;
 - Faculty Convenor, CCLSR
 - Faculty Co-Convenor, CCLSR
 - Faculty Coordinator (Competition), CCLSR
 - Student Convenor, CCLSR
 - Student Research & Drafting Head, CCLSR
- 3. "Judgement" shall refer to the written legal opinion or ruling issued by a judge, embodying the analysis, rationale, and conclusion regarding a given legal issue.
- 4. "Judging Panel" shall refer to the body of judges appointed to evaluate and assess the Judgements submitted by Participants.
- 5. "Organising Committee" refers to the body of individuals appointed to oversee the planning, execution, and regulation of the debate.
- 6. "Participant" shall refer to any individual or team of 2 persons duly registered for the Competition.
- 7. "Submission" shall refer to the Judgement provided by Participants in accordance with the stipulated format and structure.

Eligibility Criteria

- 1. The Competition shall be open to students currently enrolled in a Bachelor's Degree in Law, including both 3-Year LL.B. & 5-Year LL.B. courses and LL.M. course, from any recognised university or law school in India.
- Participants may register either as individuals or in teams of two (co-authorship is permitted).
- 3. There shall be no limitation on the number of entries permitted from any single college or university.
- 4. Participants will be provided with a factual scenario or proposition and will be required to draft a Judgement based on the given scenario.
- 5. Each participant or team shall submit a single opinion; submissions featuring multiple opinions are strictly prohibited.

RULES







Anonymity Clause

- 1. In order to ensure impartiality and fairness in the evaluation process, each Participant or team shall be assigned a unique team code [TC xx] by the Organising Committee prior to the submission of Judgements.
- 2.All communications, submissions, and references to Participants or teams throughout the Competition shall be conducted exclusively through the assigned team code. No names, institutions, or identifying information shall be used in any documentation or correspondence related to the Competition.
- 3. The Organising Committee and Judging Panel shall take all reasonable measures to maintain the confidentiality of the identity of Participants until the conclusion of the Competition, at which point the identities may be disclosed in a manner determined by the Organising Committee.
- 4. Any violation of this anonymity clause, including but not limited to the unauthorised disclosure of names or institutional affiliations, may result in penalties as deemed appropriate by the Organising Committee, including disqualification from the Competition.

Structure of the Judgement

- 1.Cover Page (this cover page shall be for the whole document; a separate cover page must be made by the participants for the main body of the Judgement which shall follow the structure of the Judgements of the Supreme Court of India)
 - Team Code (Top-Right Corner)
 - Name of the Competition
 - Name of the Court
 - Case Number
 - Name of the Parties
 - Advocates appearing on behalf of the Parties
- 2. Index of Contents A detailed index listing all sections of the Judgement with corresponding page numbers.
- ~ Undergiven elements of the structure are merely suggestive in nature. The participants may organise the structure as they please in accordance with the format of the Judgements of the Supreme Court of India.
 - 3. Facts of the Case A clear and concise presentation of the relevant facts.
 - 4. Issues The legal questions or issues that arise from the facts.
 - 5. Applicable Law A discussion of the relevant statutory provisions and case law.
 - 6. Analysis A reasoned examination of the issues in light of the applicable law.
 - 7. Conclusion The final decision and reasoning thereof.









Formatting guidelines

All submissions shall adhere to the following formatting guidelines -

1. Font – Arial, Size 12, Line Spacing 1.5, Justified Alignment for the body of the document; Arial, Size 10, Line Spacing 1 for the footnotes.

(alignment for heading, section-heading, case name, case number, competition name, index, team code may preferably be Center aligned)

- 2. Margin 1 Inch margins on all sides.
- 3. Word & Page Limit At least 3000 words excluding footnotes, no upper limit on number of words & pages.
- 4. Citation Style Participants must follow the 21st Edn. Bluebook citation style.
- 5. Submission Format Submissions must be in PDF format and in .doc/.docx format, named as "Judgement [Team Code].pdf".

Code of conduct

- 1. Participants shall;
 - a. Maintain the highest standards of integrity and professionalism.
 - b. Respect fellow participants and the Judging Panel.
- c. Avoid any form of misconduct, including but not limited to, plagiarism collusion, or dishonesty.
- 2. Any breach of the Code of Conduct shall be dealt with at the discretion of the organising committee

Penalties

- 1. Any breach of decorum or violation of these rules, including but not limited to exceeding submission deadlines, engaging in personal attacks, breach of anonymity, or interruptions without prior permission, shall be reported to the Organising Committee by the Judging Panel.
- 2. The Organising Committee, shall impose penalties for such violations, which may include but are not limited to;
 - a. Deduction of points from the overall score of the offending Participant;
 - b. Issuance of formal warnings;
 - c. Disqualification of the Participant from the Competition.
- 3. In cases of repeated or egregious violations, the Organising Committee, may disqualify the Participant from the Competition in its entirety.
- 4. All penalties imposed shall be communicated in writing to the concerned Participant(s), and the decision of the Organising Committee, shall be final and binding









Judging and Marking Criteria

- 1. The Judging Panel shall evaluate the submissions based on the following criteria;
 - a. Clarity and Structure (20%) The logical arrangement and clarity of the Judgement.
 - b. Legal Reasoning (30%) Depth of analysis and application of law to facts.
 - c. Creativity (20%) Originality in approach and reasoning.
 - d. Relevance and Accuracy (20%) Adherence to legal principles and relevance of issues addressed.
 - e. Style and Presentation (10%) Overall presentation, including formatting and adherence to guidelines.
- 2. The following penalties shall be applied to Participants based on specific infractions observed in their submissions;
 - a. Incorrect line formatting & line spacing in the manuscript or footnotes 0.5 marks per instance; up to 2 marks
 - b. Absence of page number in the footer & improper submission of manuscript 2 marks each
 - c.Plagiarism;
 - i. Up to 10% 0 marks
 - ii.11-20% 2 marks
 - iii. 20-45% 5 marks
 - iv. 45-50% 7 marks
 - v. Above 50% Disqualification from the Competition without refund of the registration fee
 - d.Incorrect Citation up to 3 marks
 - e. Delay in submission (maximum 48 hours) 0.5 marks per hour
- 3. The penalties listed above shall be deducted from the overall score of the Participant or team at the discretion of the Judging Panel or the Organising Committee.
- ~ Participants will be notified in writing of any penalties imposed, along with the rationale for such deductions, prior to the final scoring.

Tie Resolution

In the event of a tie in the scores assigned to two or more Participants, the following tiebreaking criteria shall be employed

- 1. The Judging Panel shall conduct a secondary evaluation of the tied submissions based on a comprehensive review of the legal reasoning and analysis;
- 2. Should a tie persist, the Judging Panel shall deliberate collectively and render a final decision based on consensus.







TIMELINE

→ 01 November, 2024	Release of Problem & Registrations Open
→ 15 November, 2024	Last Day of Registration
→ 16 November, 2024	Registration Confirmation, Allotment of Team Codes, Release of Clarification & Submission Link via e-mail
→ 17 November, 2024	Last Date for Submission of Clarifications
→ 18 November, 2024	Release of Clarifications
→ 22 November, 2024	Last Date for Judgement Submission (23:59 Hours IST)
→ 26 November, 2024	Valedictory Ceremony & Declaration of Results







REGISTRATION



- The registration fee is Rs. 299/- for individual participant and Rs. 499/- for co-authorship (team of 2).
- Participants must insert the date of payment along with a screenshot of the transaction in the registration form. Only upon receipt of this information will the registration be deemed complete.
- Registration for the Competition shall be conducted by filling out the Google Form available on the official Competition website.

 Registration Form*
- Registration fees once paid are neither refundable nor transferable.
- Any changes in authorship will not be entertained after the submission of the registration form.
- All clarifications sought must be submitted to the link provided in the registration confirmation e-mail on or before 18 November, 2024 (23:59 Hours IST).
- Submission Link will be forwarded to the registered e-mail IDs of the participants after registration fee payments is confirmed.







REGISTRATION

Payment Details:-



- Account Number: 50029573273
- Account Holder Name: KSOT PROJECT
- IFSC Code: IDIB000K717
- Bank Name: INDIAN BANK
- o Branch: Campus-1, Bhubaneswar









- 1. Participation e-Certificate will be given to all participants.
- 2. Top 5 Highest Scoring Judgements will be awarded e-Certificate of Merit.
- 3. Top 3 Highest Scoring Judgements will be awarded the following Cash Prizes;



→ Winner

Rs. 10,000/-



1st Runner(s)-Up

Rs. 7,000/-



2nd Runner(s)-Up

Rs. 3,000/-

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS







The implementation and interpretation of the rules regarding practice and procedures shall rest solely with the Organising Committee of the Competition. The final decision on all matters shall be at the discretion of the Organising Committee.

If any member of a team is notified or informed of any detail concerning Competition, it shall be deemed that the entire team has been duly notified or informed.

The Proposition is neither intended to nor does it resemble any actual incident or individual, living or deceased. Any resemblance is purely coincidental. The Proposition is a fictitious factual account prepared solely for the purposes of this Competition and does not attempt to influence or predict the outcome of any real-world matter.

The copyright for the Judgements submitted by the teams shall vest jointly with the Centre for Constitutional Law Studies and Research, KIIT School of Law. Acceptance of this copyright assignment is a precondition for participation in the Competition.

Participants are required to strictly adhere to the rules governing the conduct of the Competition; any deviations may result in penalties or disqualification at the sole discretion of the Organising Committee. The Organising Committee reserves the right to amend, alter, vary, or change the rules governing the Competition in any manner. Such amendments will be communicated to the teams within a reasonable timeframe.

In cases of any dispute or ambiguity in the interpretation of these rules, the Organising Committee's decision shall prevail, except where the Dispute Resolution Committee (DRC) decides otherwise.

Participants may appeal against the decisions of the Judging Panel and/or the Organising Committee to the DRC, which shall review the matter in accordance with the established procedures.

ORGANISING COMMITTEE



Shashank Nande

Faculty Convenor, CCLSR

Anshu Adarsh

Faculty Co-Convenor, CCLSR

Priyadarshi Jha

Faculty Coordinator (Competition), CCLSR

Rishabh Choudhary

Student Convenor, CCLSR

Deoswaroop Gupta

Research & Drafting Head

Pranav Das

Research & Drafting Head

Himanshu Prasad

Blogging Co-Head

Sankalp Kumar

Technical And Outreach Head

Ayush Bansal

Public Relations Head

Tanisha Sarkar

Public Relations Head

Sahil Dhingra

Student Co-Convenor, CCLSR

Oliva Chakraborty

Research & Drafting Head

Swapnakalpa Datta

Blogging Head

Lakshyaraj Singh Technical And Outreach Co-Head

Prapti Hota

Technical And Outreach Head

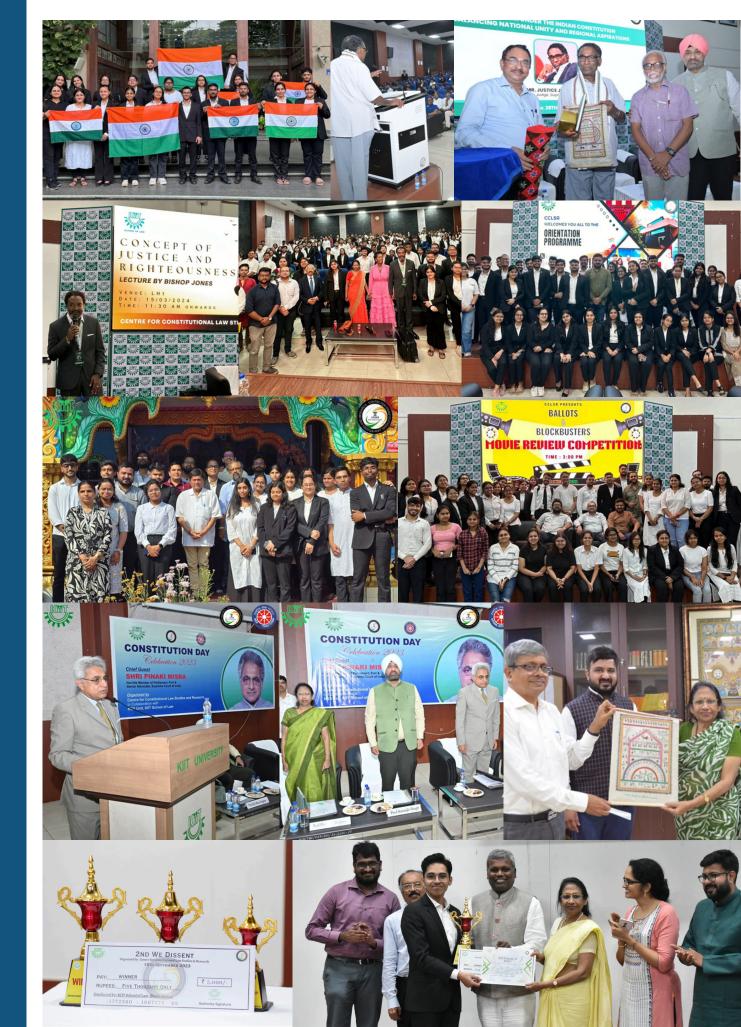
Anish Kumar Sahoo

Public Relations Head











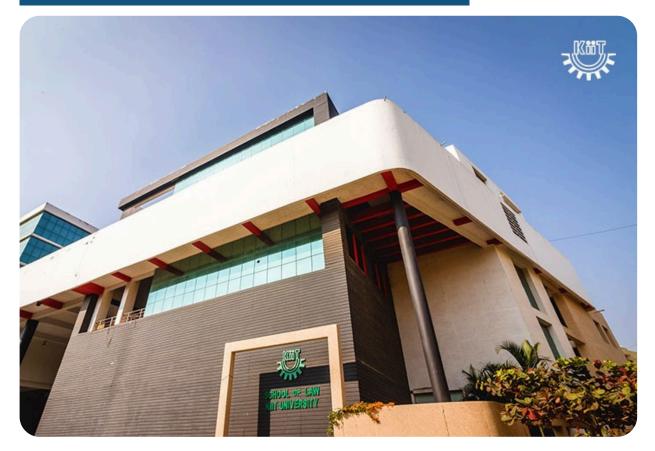








CONTACTUS





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