

VISWANATH PASAYAT MEMORIAL NATIONAL MOOT COURT COMPETITION 2024



2ND-4TH, 2024



ABOUT THE UNIVERSITY

Birla Global University (BGU) is a self-financed private unitary institution established by the Birla Global University Odisha Act, 2015. Located on a 30-acre campus at IDCO Plot No.2, Gothapatna, Bhubaneswar, the university is managed by a Board of Governors chaired by Smt. Jayashree Mohta, with the Honorable Governor of Odisha serving as Chancellor. Late Basant Kumar Birla and Late Sarala Birla, successors of Late G.D. Birla, founded the Birla Academy of Art & Culture (BAAC) in Calcutta in 1964 to promote arts, culture, literature, and education. The academy has played a crucial role in the establishment of Birla Global University. The University aims to be the premier destination for aspiring professionals, redefining educational quality through cutting-edge facilities, exceptional infrastructure, and distinguished faculty. It currently operates seven schools: Birla School of Law, Birla School of Management, Birla School of Communication, Birla School of Commerce, Birla School of Social Sciences & Humanities, Birla School of Applied Sciences, and Birla School of Engineering & Technology.

ABOUT SCHOOL OF LAW

The Birla School of Law (BSOL) under Birla Global University, Bhubaneswar was established in 2018 with the goal of being the best destination for aspiring new-generation lawyers, it is committed to redefine the 'quality' in legal education with state-of-the-art facilities, the best infrastructure, and the finest faculty. The school provides quality teaching in the field of law and interdisciplinary studies. Students are provided opportunities for internships and placement. Our students actively engage in Moot Courts, Trial Advocacy and Legal Aid activities. They are also encouraged to conduct independent research in their specific areas of interest. The intake capacity for 5 years integrated BBA LLB (Hons) is 60 students per batch. The minimum qualification prescribed for the students seeking admission is +2 pass in Arts/Science/Commerce with a minimum marks of 45%.





Late Viswanath Pasayat, born on 10th October 1912 in Cuttack, was the son of aristocrat Gokulananda Pasayat. Despite his affluent background, he championed the underprivileged and led significant student movements against British rule as the first Secretary of the Students Federation of India in Orissa.

After earning a law degree from Patna University, he struggled between pursuing law and continuing the freedom fight. He chose law but remained committed to defending freedom fighters and the oppressed. Notably, he refused a judgeship to avoid conflicting with his principles.

Viswanath Pasayat's home in Cuttack became a hub for intellectuals and politicians. He wrote "Russ Bhraman," one of the first travelogues on Russia, and edited the journal "Adhunik." He passed away on 27th December 1964 at 52. His legacy is carried on by his son, Dr. Justice Arijit Pasayat.

ABOUT THE COMPETITION

This event is conducted in honor of the late Mr. Viswanath Pasayat, a distinguished lawyer known for his unwavering dedication and commitment to justice for the underprivileged. Mr. Viswanath Pasayat's remarkable contributions to uplifting the poor and downtrodden earned him the title of a 'marvel of Justice V.R. Krishna Indian' by Hon'ble Iver. an commemorate this legal luminary, the competition is organized collaboration with the Viswanath Pasayat Memorial in Committee, Cuttack, under the guidance of his son, Hon'ble Justice Arijit Pasayat, a former Judge of the Supreme Court of India.



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ELIGIBILITY

• Students of three-year and five-year integrated law degree courses from any University/LawSchool/College/ Department are eligible to participate in the competition. However, a maximum of one team shall be allowed to participate from any one University/LawSchool/College/ Department.

COMPOSITION

- Each team shall consist only of three members, comprising two speakers and one researcher.
- Any alteration of the names of the team members shall be informed in writing to that effect, addressed to the Dean, Birla School of Law, Birla Global University, Bhubaneswar, by the Vice Chancellor / Dean / Director / Head of the Department of the University / School / Department / College of Law, of the team requesting such alteration. However, any such alteration shall be permitted only once.
- Once the Competition commences, the team composition cannot be altered under any circumstances whatsoever.
 Inability of any team member to participate in accordance with the rules of this Competition shall lead to immediate disqualification of the team from the Competition.

ROUNDS

- To determine the order of participation in the **preliminary rounds**, a draw of lots will be held on **2 October 2024**, followed by memorial exchanges and team orientation. Each team will argue twice in the preliminary rounds: once for the petitioner and once for the respondent. Scores will combine memorial and oral scores.
- The top four teams from the preliminary rounds will advance to the **Semi-finals**, where winners will be determined based on the combined scores of oral and memorial performances. The winners of the Semi-finals will proceed to the **Final Rounds**, which are decided by oral scores. In case of a tie, the best speaker's oral score will break the tie, followed by the memorial score if needed.
- Scouting is strictly prohibited and scouting by any team shall entail instant disqualification.

REGISTRATION

- Teams interested in participating must confirm by emailing a scanned copy of Annexure-A (Registration Form) and a screenshot of the payment receipt to bsolmcc@bgu.ac.in by 16 September 2024. This will result in provisional registration. The non-refundable registration fee is Rs. 2000/-, payable via QR code and Account Transfer at the end of this document. If accommodation is needed, the total fee is Rs. 4000/-. Annexure-A is attached to this brochure. Upon receiving the documents, a team code will be issued via email by 18 September 2024, which must be used in all future correspondence.
- Teams must also submit a soft copy of Annexure-B (Travel Details) to bsolmcc@bgu.ac.in by 25 September 2024. Annexure-B is also attached to this brochure.

RULES FOR THE COMPETITION

MEMORIALS:

- All memorials submitted for the purposes of the Competition shall strictly adhere to the rules as stated below.
- Teams have to prepare memorials for both the sides, i.e. Petitioner(s) and Respondent(s).
- The registered teams shall submit the pdf copy of their memorial for both sides by e-mail to bsolmcc@bgu.ac.inby 23:59 hours of 25 September 2024 and shall submit 6 spiral bound printed copies (for each side) of such memorials by 13:00 hours on 2 October 2024 at the registration desk in an envelope with team code written on its top.
- While sending the memorials by e-mail in pdf format, please name the file pertaining to the memorial for the respondent as R accompanied by the team code and the file pertaining to the memorial for the petitioner as P accompanied by the team code. For example, for a team assigned a code of 100, the pdf file for the respondent should be named as 'R100' and the pdf file for the petitioner should be named as 'P100'.
- The cover page of the memorials sent, for both the soft and printed copies, shall clearly mention the word "P" for memorials on behalf of the Petitioner, and the word "R" for memorials on behalf of the Respondent, followed by the team code for both the instances, such being clearly inscribed on the top right-hand corner of the cover page of the memorial for the Petitioners and Respondents. For example, if a team had been assigned a code of 100, the memorials sent by such team shall have "P100" and "R100" clearly marked on the top right-hand corner of the cover page of the respective memorials.

- The teams should not disclose the identity of their institution anywhere on the memorial. Violation of this rule will result in immediate disqualification.
- The memorials have to be submitted on A4 size paper and must contain the following sections in the Order as stated below
 - o Cover Page;
 - Table of Contents;
 - List of Abbreviations;
 - Index of Authorities;
 - Statement of Jurisdiction;
 - Statement of Facts;
 - Statement of Issues;
 - Summary of Arguments;
 - Arguments Advanced;
 - o Prayer.
- Non-compliance with above criteria shall result in penalty of two marks per missing section.
- The memorials must be printed in Times New Roman font with 12 font size and with 1.5 line spacing. The footnotes must be in Times New Roman font with 10 font size and with 1.0 line spacing. The memorials should have a margin measuring one inch on all sides of each page.
- The 'Arguments Advanced' section should not exceed 25 pages.
- The memorials as a whole should not exceed 40 pages including the cover page.
- The numbering should be on the bottom-center of each page.
- The cover page of the petitioner's memorial shall be printed on Blue colour A4 size paper, and the cover page of the respondent's memorial shall be printed on Red colour A4 size paper.

- The teams have to use a uniform mode of citation throughout the memorial.
- There shall be no speaking footnotes in the memorial.
- The maximum scores for the memorials shall be 100 marks. The memorials shall be evaluated on the following criteria:
 - o Knowledge of Law and Facts: 30 Marks
 - o Proper and Articulate Analysis: 30 Marks
 - Extent and Use of Research: 20 Marks
 - Clarity and Organization: 10 Marks
 - o Grammar and Style: 10Marks

RESEARCHER'S TEST

- The test will be held in the evening of October 2nd.
- The best researcher award shall be presented to the researcher scoring the highest marks in the test.

ORAL ROUNDS

- Each team will get a total of 30 minutes during the preliminary round to present their case. For the Semi-final and Final rounds, each team will be permitted a total time of 60 minutes. The time stated above includes the time required for rebuttal and sur-rebuttal.
- Any team exceeding the time limit stated above shall be penalized with a deduction of one mark for every two minutes exceeded.
- The division of time per speaker is left to the discretion of the team subject to a minimum of 10 minutes per speaker.
- The oral arguments should be confined to the issues presented in the memorial.
- The researcher must be present with the speakers during the oral rounds.

- Passing of notes to the speaker by the researcher is allowed, upon discretionary rejection by the Judges.
- Maximum scores for the oral rounds shall be 100 points per speaker, and which shall be judged on the following criteria:
 - Knowledge of Law: 20 Points
 - Application of Law to Facts: 20 Points
 - o Ingenuity and Ability to Answer: 20 Points
 - o Style, Poise, Courtesy and Demeanor: 20 Points
 - o Time Management and Organization: 20 Points

AWARDS

- Winning Team Award The winning team will receive a trophy and a prize worth Rs. 20,000/- (Rupees Twenty Thousand Only).
- **Runner's Up** The runners up team will receive a trophy and a prize worth Rs.15,000/- (Rupees Fifteen Thousand Only).
- **Best Memorial** -The team submitting the best Memorial will receive a trophy and a prize worth Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand Only).
- **Best Researcher** The Best Student Researcher will receive a trophy and a prize worth Rs.5,000/- (Rupees Five Thousand Only).
- **Best Speaker** The Best Student Speaker will receive a trophy and a prize worth Rs.5,000/- (Rupees Five Thousand Only).
- Top Six Teams besides Winner and Runner-up will receive book hampers and all the participants will receive participation certificates.

Note: The best speaker will be judged on the basis of preliminary rounds.

ANONYMITY

- The student counsels shall not state their names during the oral rounds and must use the assigned team code for all correspondence.
- All team members must refrain from disclosing the identity of their institutions at any time and in any manner during the entire Competition. Non-compliance with this Rule will result in immediate disqualification of the team.

FINALITY OF DECISIONS

• The decision of the judges with regard to the outcome of the rounds shall be final. For all purposes and in any dispute, the decision of the Chairman of the Organizing Committee of the Competition shall be final and binding.

ACCOMODATION

- All the participating teams shall arrange their own transportation to the reach the organizing college. The teams shall arrange their own transportation from the Airport/Railway Station/Bus Terminal to reach the college and to leave it after completion of competition or as the case may be. The transportation to and fro from the place of accommodation to the venue of the competition shall be taken care by the Organisers.
- Teams not availing the accommodation provided by the organizing college shall take of their care own shall transportation. provided Teams be with accommodation and food by the University from the afternoon of 2 October 2024 till the morning of 5 October 2024.
- Teams participating from Cuttack and Bhubaneswar, Odisha shall not be provided with accommodation.

DRESS CODE:

- Participants shall be appropriately attired throughout the conduct of the Competition (Inaugural Ceremony, Oral Rounds, Valedictory Ceremony and Prize Distribution) in the manner provided below:
 - For Men- Western Formals (White formal shirt with black formal trousers, black tie and a black blazer); and
 - For Women- Western Formals (White formal shirt with black formal trousers/skirt and a black blazer) or Indian Formals (White kurta, black salwar and black dupatta along with the black blazer).
- Robes and collar bands are not permitted.

CLARIFICATION:

• Any query pertaining to the Moot Problem should be sent to bsolmcc@bgu.ac.in by 18 September 2024. Questions submitted / clarification sought through any other means other than by e-mail shall not be entertained. A consolidated response for all questions and clarifications shall be mailed to all the participating teams on 19 September 2024.

PAYMENT INFO

- The payment of registration fees shall be made through the link provided. The registration fees is 2000/- per team. If accommodation is needed then the fees is 4000/- per team.
- In case of any withdrawal after making the payment of the registration fee, the same shall not be refunded.

PAYMENT MEDIUM:

1. UPI: Vyapar.171701106594@hdfcbank



2. ACCOUNT TRANSFER:

Beneficiary Name- Birla Global University Saving Bank A/c No-50100503000709 Bank Name- HDFC Bank Branch- Jagamara, Bhubaneswar IFSC - HDFC0003722

MOOT PROBLEM

1.Hindia is a Sovereign, Socialist, Secular and Democratic Republic situated in South Asia. A former British Colony, Hindia achieved independence in the year 1947 through various means which included protests, negotiations, art, journalism and violence.

2.Post-Independence, Hindia adopted their constitution which is pari-materia to the Constitution of India.

3. Given that the British Administration was very oppressive towards media and the Hindian Freedom Fighters used media to further the cause of independence, the independent Hindia celebrated the role of media in its democracy and journalists, authors and media persons were revered as the fourth pillar of democracy. Media was given a lot of independence and freedom of press was recognized as an implicit part of freedom of speech and expression.

4.As the country continued to grow, various media outlets came up and journalism as a profession continued to grow. However, things changed with the saturation of the market. The competition in the sphere of journalism caused the media outlets to get creative, and figure out new ways to attract readers. Catchy headlines, unusual news, and catering to a particular population, all became tools to get more viewership.

5.Slowly, with the advent of the 21st century, the era of yellow journalism in Hindia began. The race for maximum TRP, and viewership began. Journalists started calling controversial figures to their channels, stories of hate speeches and inflammatory statements became a media staple, and minor controversies were exaggerated and presented as national issues.

- 6. Sometimes, the media did their duty as well. In 2002, a case of rape and murder was suppressed by the police authorities, and evidence were erased, resulting which the accused was acquitted. An investigative journalist Suman Singh of PARSO TAK NEWS, unearthed the sinister plot and brought it to limelight, which led to massive protests across the country. In appeal, the High Court doubted the investigation and transferred the matter to Central Bureau of Investigation, and with new evidences in hand which earlier were hidden, convicted the offender and brought justice to the society. For his brave journalism, Suman Singh was given 'Hind ke Sitara' Award, the Highest Civilian Honor in Hindia.
- 7. On 1st January 2022, a rape occurred in Buradabad Village of the National Capital of Nelli. The issue was highlighted in media since the victim and the offender were from two different communities, and the media repeatedly telecasted their names. On 3rd of January a communal riot occurred in the village of Buradabad, that led to the death of 150 innocent people.
- 8. 30 people were convicted by a special court and their conviction was upheld by the High Court of Nelli. In the judgement, the High Court observed that while the media should have reported the crime and maintained its decorum, its repeated telecast of names was nothing but a latent attempt to attract TRP out of someone's misery, and were directly responsible for fanning the entire issue into a riot that led to the death of many.
- 9. The Hon'ble Supreme Court also approved the convictions and reaffirmed the observation of the high court regarding the role of media in the issue.

- 10. At 8:00 AM, 15th July 2022, a man named William Smith, a citizen of USA, who came to Hindia as a tourist, suddenly fell ill and was immediately hospitalised. The video of a 6 feet 4 inch tall white man coughing violently and falling in the middle of Surajni Chowk of Nelli, immediately became viral on social media platform 'Y' (formerly known as Quitter) and caught mainstream media's attention. Journalists on news channels like HINDIA TOMORROW, MOMENTS NOW, etc. began discussing if William Smith was infected with a new and deadly variant of COVID-19, and William was immediately dubbed as a harbinger of COVID-22 or 'COVID Megatron'. The news left the entire country petrified and gripped in terror.
- 11. At around 1:00 PM, the same day, protests began in front of AHIMS, the premium Hospital of Nelli where William was being treated, and protestors demanded immediately throwing William out of the country, fearing spreading of infection and a new disease in the country.
- 12. Media covered the news and the protest extensively, and the protest kept on growing. By 4:00 PM, the protestors, wearing masks and gloves, entered the hospital and dragged William out, while William physically protested. Amididst the scuffle, a fist fight occurred between William and the protestors, and William was lynched to death by the protestors.
- 13. The death of William was also widely shown in media and Kadak Singh, a popular leader of Hindia People Party or HPP, even called it a blessing, and remarked that the country saved itself from another disaster.
- 14. On 16th July, 2022, William's medical report came and it was found that William was a patient of Tuberculosis and not any variant of COVID.

- 15. The Hon'ble High Court of Nelli took Suo Moto Cognizance of the matter and asked the Central Government if they can bring forth a Statute to control fake news and abuse.
- 16. Even though the Central Government submitted an affidavit stating that they cannot formulate such a Law, in the year 2022, the State of Gopur, passed "The Fake News (Prohibition and Punishment) Act, 2022".
- 17. On 27 February, 2023, Senior Journalist Suman Singh of PARSO TAK NEWS posted on 'Y' (Formerly known as Quitter) that Babloo Escobar, a notorious Drug Lord had supplied a large consignment of cocaine to Dravidian Khan, a popular film star of Gopur Film Industry and tagged the Narcotics Department in the tweet. Based on that information, the Narcotics Department of Gopur raided the Mansion of Dravidian Khan and he was apprehended.
- 18. The entire search operation and apprehension of Dravidian Khan was live telecasted on PARSO TAK NEWS.
- 19. However, after a thorough investigation and trial that continued for 3 months, on 1st June 2023, Dravidian Khan was acquitted. In the judgement, the Special Court noted that the Narcotic Cell had no shred of evidence against Dravidian Khan except a false story posted by Journalist Suman Singh.
- 20. Immediately after release from Custody, Dravidian Khan filed a complaint against Suman Singh for spreading false news against him.

- 21. Suman Singh was tried by Judicial Magistrate First Class of competent jurisdiction in Maunpuri, Capital of Gopur, and on 4th August, 2023 was sentenced to two years of rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 4,00,000/- for spreading false news against Dravidian Khan, alleging him of Drug Dealing, and live telecasting the entire false narrative. The Court noted that telecasting the whole event and earning massive brownie points out of it, shows that there was nothing bonafide in it. Suman Singh was stripped off his award and sent to imprisonment.
- 22. While Suman Singh's appeal against conviction was pending, the Enforcement Directorate found the bank account of Babloo Escobar under a false name and found that hundreds of microtransactions were made between Babloo Escobar and the Bank Account for Chamber of Cigarettes, a pub owned by Dravidian Khan.
- 23. Subsequently, on 8th of October 2023, the Narcotic Cell raided Chamber of Cigarettes and seized Cocaine worth 86 Lakh Rupees.
- 24. On 5th January, 2024, Suman Singh was acquitted by Court of Sessions. The Court noted that Suman Singh bonafidely believed that Dravidian Khan was involved in Drug peddling and had proper information, and hence should be acquitted.
- 25. On 1stJune 2024, Suman Singh filed a PIL in the Hon'ble Supreme Court of Hindia challenging the Constitutionality of THE FAKE NEWS (PROHIBITION AND PUNISHMENT) ACT, 2024 on chiefly two grounds-
 - State has no power to make a law of such kind as it falls under Union List, item 31.
 - Such law is violative of Freedom of Press.

- 26. The State of Gopur has filed a reply defending the Statute on two grounds
 - Public Order falls in the State List and it's the responsibility of the State to curb disruption of public order through fake news.
 - The Law has various safeguards and does not violate freedom of press.
- 27. The Case is now listed to be argued on merits in the Supreme Court of Hindia.
- 28 The following issues have been framed:
- a.Whether the present petition is maintainable in the Hon'ble Supreme Court
- b.Whether State of Gopur has power to make the impugned legislation when "Posts and telegraphs; telephones, wireless, broadcasting and other like forms of communication" fall under Item 31, Union List of 7th Schedule
- c.Whether the impugned legislation is violative of any of the fundamental rights guaranteed under the Constitution of Hindia
- 29. Counsels can frame additional issues to deal with in the matter in order to reach a holistic submission. The laws of Hindia are in pari materia to Laws of India.

THE FAKE NEWS (PROHIBITION AND PUNISHMENT) ACT, 2022

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The spreading of fake news poses a significant threat to public order, safety, and national security. This Act seeks to criminalize the dissemination of false or misleading information with the intent to cause harm, while balancing the need to protect freedom of expression. The penalties prescribed aim to deter the spread of fake news and hold offenders accountable for the consequences of their actions.

The Fake News (Prohibition and Punishment) Act, 2024

An Act to prohibit the dissemination of false or misleading information and to provide for penalties for the same.**

Be it enacted by the State Legislature of Gopur in the Seventy-third Year of the Republic of Hindia as follows:**

1. Short title, extent, and commencement:

- (1) This Act may be called the Fake News (Prohibition and Punishment) Act, 2022.
- (2) It extends to the whole of State of Gopur.
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. Definitions

In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, -

- (a) "Fake news" means any information, news, or communication that is wholly or partly false, misleading, or deceptive, and which is published, broadcast, or circulated with the intent to mislead or cause harm to the public.
- (b) "Media" includes print, electronic, digital, and social media platforms.
- (c) "Person" includes an individual, firm, association of persons, body of individuals, company, or any other legal entity.
- (d) "Public interest" refers to matters concerning the general welfare of the public, including public health, safety, security, and order.

3. Prohibition of dissemination of fake news

No person shall, by any means, publish, broadcast, or circulate any fake news, knowing that such may mislead, deceive, or cause harm to any individual, group, or the general public.

4. Exemptions

The provisions of this Act shall not apply to:

(a) Bonafide mistakes made in the publication or broadcast of information, provided that the error is promptly corrected and publicly acknowledged.

- (b) Satire, parody, or other forms of expression clearly identified as such and not intended to be interpreted as factual.
- (c) Reports, discussions, or debates on matters of public interest where reasonable efforts have been made to verify the information.

5. Offences and penalties

- (1) Any person who disseminates fake news as defined under Section 2(a) shall be punishable with:
- (a) Imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or
- (b) Fine which may extend to ₹1,00,000 (One Lakh Rupees), or
- (c) Both imprisonment and fine.
- (2) If the dissemination of fake news results in harm or injury to any person or property, the punishment may extend to five years of imprisonment and a fine up to ₹5,00,000 (Five Lakh Rupees).

6. Aggravated offences

If fake news is disseminated during times of public emergency, natural disaster, pandemic, or any situation that endangers public safety or security, the punishment shall be:

- (a) Imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years, and
- (b) Fine which may extend to ₹10,00,000 (Ten Lakh Rupees).

7. Investigative powers

(1) The police, or any other authority designated by the Central or State Government, shall have the power to investigate offences under this Act.

(2) The designated authority may, for the purposes of investigation, require any person, media entity, or platform to furnish information or documents relevant to the investigation of fake news.

8. Seizure and blocking of content

- (1) The designated authority may direct the blocking or removal of fake news content from any media platform or network.
- (2) Any content found to be in violation of this Act may be seized or blocked by the competent authority, pending investigation and adjudication.

10. Protection of action taken in good faith

No suit, prosecution, or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Central or State Government or any person acting in good faith under the provisions of this Act.

9. Appeals

- (1) Any person aggrieved by an order under this Act may appeal to the appropriate judicial authority within thirty days of such order.
- (2) The appellate authority shall dispose of the appeal within sixty days from the date of filing.

10. Protection of action taken in good faith

No suit, prosecution, or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Central or State Government or any person acting in good faith under the provisions of this Act.

11. Cognizance and Trial of matter

(1) No Court shall take cognizance of an offence punishable under this Act, except upon a complaint made by some person aggrieved by the offence.

The offenses punishable under this Act shall be tried by the Court of Judicial Magistrate, First Class.

TIMELINE FOR THE COMPETITION

S.no	PARTICULARS	DATE & TIME
1	Disclosure of Proposition & Information Brochure	31 August, 2024
2	Last Date of Provisional Registration (via e-mail) along with a scanned copy of Annexure- A & Payment Receipt	16 September, 2024
3	Confirmation of Provisional Registration & Team code allotment	18 September, 2024
4	Last Date for Seeking Clarifications	18 September, 2024
5	Release of Clarifications	19 September, 2024
6	Soft-copy Memorial & Travel Plan (Annexure B) Submissions	25 September, 2024
7	Hard-copy Memorial & Registration Form (Annexure A) Submissions	2 October, 2024 1:00 PM
8	Draw of Lots followed by exchange of memorial	2 October 2024 4:00 PM
9	Researcher's Test	2 October 2024
10	Inaugural Ceremony	3 October 2024 10:00AM
11	Preliminary Round	3 October, 2024 10:30AM–5:00 PM
12	Result of Preliminary Rounds Followed by Draw of Lots & Memorial Exchange for Semis	3 October 2024 5:30 PM onwards
13	Semi Final Rounds	4 October 2024 10:00 AM – 12 Noon
14	Final Rounds	4 October 2024 2:00 PM Onwards
15	Result Declaration and Trophy Distribution	4 October 2024 5:00 PM Onwards
16	Cash Prize Distribution Ceremony	10 October 2024

ANNEXURE A (Registration Form)



VISWANATH PASAYAT MEMORIAL NATIONAL MOOT COURT COMPETITION-2024

BIRLA SCHOOL OF LAW, BIRLA GLOBAL UNIVERSITY, BHUBANESWAR

REGISTRATION FORM

All Participating Teams are required to fill the details in this form in **block letters**, scan and email a soft copy to bsolmcc@bgu.ac.in. The organizers must receive the soft copies as mentioned in the Rules to the Competition.

Name of University:		
Address:		
Official Contact Person:		
EMAIL ID:		
PHONE NUMBER		

Name:		
GENDER:	Pноме No. :	
EMAIL ID:		
SPEAKER 2		
Name:		
GENDER:	PHONE No. :	
EMAIL ID:		
TEAM MEMBER 3 (RESEARCHER)		
Name:		
GENDER:	Pноме No. :	
EMAIL ID:		

SPEAKER 1

Seal & Signature of the Head of the Institution

Please mail the scanned copy of the duly filled registration form alongwith payment receipt by 16th September 2024. Mail it to bsolmcc@bgu.ac.in and kindly mark a copy of mail to ashna.siddiqui@bgu.ac.in.

ANNEXURE B (Travel Details Form)



VISWANATH PASAYAT MEMORIAL NATIONAL MOOT COURT COMPETITION-2024

BIRLA SCHOOL OF LAW, BIRLA GLOBAL UNIVERSITY, BHUBANESWAR

TRAVEL DETAILS FORM

|--|

	Date	Mode of Travel	Time	Travel Details
Arrival				
Departure				
Any Additional Information:				

Please mail the scanned copy of the duly filled travel details form to bsolmcc@bgu.ac.in latest by 25 September, 2024. Kindly mark a copy of mail to ashna.siddiqui@bgu.ac.in. The hard copies of the registration form along with the payment receipt and travel form should be submitted at the desk to the organizers by 2nd October, 2024, 1pm.

ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

PATRONS

Prof. (Dr.) P P Mathur

Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor, Birla Global University, Bhubaneswar

Prof. (Dr.) B K Das

Revered Registrar, Birla Global University, Bhubaneswar

CHAIRMAN

Prof. (Dr.) Sukanta K. Nanda

Dean, Birla School of Law, Birla Global University, Bhubaneswar

FACULTY CONVENORS

Ms. Ashna Siddiqui

Faculty, Birla School of Law, Birla Global University, Bhubaneswar

Mr. Swagat Dash

Faculty, Birla School of Law, Birla Global University, Bhubaneswar

CONTACT INFORMATION

Contact info: +91 9778992522 (Ms. Ashna Siddiqui) +91 7053130042 (Mr. Swagat Dash)